

Staff Performance Evaluation Plan Submission Coversheet SY 2018-19

CONTEXT: Indiana Code (IC) 20-28-11.5-8(d) requires each school corporation to submit its entire staff performance evaluation plan to the department (IDOE) and requires the IDOE to publish the plans on its website. This coversheet is meant to provide a reference for IDOE staff and key stakeholders to view the statutory- and regulatory-required components of staff performance evaluation plans for each school corporation.

Furthermore, in accordance with IC 20-28-11.5-8(d), a school corporation must submit its staff performance evaluation plan to the department for approval in order to qualify for any grant funding related to this chapter. Thus, it is essential that the reference page numbers included below clearly demonstrate fulfillment of the statutory (IC 20-28-11.5) and regulatory (511 IAC 10-6) requirements.

INSTRUCTIONS:

Completion

In the chart below, please type the reference the page numbers in your staff performance evaluation document which clearly display compliance with the requirements. If the plan contains multiple documents with duplicate page numbers, please refer to the documents by A, B, C, D, etc. with the page number following. For example: A-23, B-5, etc. Please note, your plan may include many other sections not listed below.

Submission

Once completed, please attach this coversheet to the staff performance evaluation plan document you will submit. The whole document needs to be combined into one continuous PDF for submission.

School Corporation Name:	Tri-Creek School Corporation
School Corporation Number:	4645

Annual Evaluations			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
☐ Annual performance evaluations for each	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(1)	Plan and metrics to evaluate <i>all</i> certificated employees, including teachers,	5-8
certificated employee		administrators, counselors, principals and superintendents	
Objective Measures of Student Achievemen	t and Growth		
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
☐ Objective measures of student achievement and growth significantly inform <i>all</i> certificated employees evaluations	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(2)	Please indicate page numbers referencing the inclusion of objective measures of student achievement and growth in all certificated employee evaluations including but not limited to teachers, administrators, and superintendent	7-11
☐ Student performance results from statewide assessments inform evaluations of employees whose responsibilities include teaching tested subjects	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(2)(A) 511 IAC 10-6-4(b)(1)	 Please note that per 511 IAC 10-6-4(b)(1), Individual Growth Measure (IGM) must be the primary measure for E/LA and math teachers in grades 4-8. For more information regarding IGM, click here. 	8
☐ Methods of assessing student growth in evaluations of employees who do not teach tested subjects	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(2)(B) 511 IAC 10-6-4(b)(2) 511 IAC 10-6-4(b)(3)	Examples include: Student Learning Objectives (SLOs), SMART goals Corporation- or classroom-level student learning measures for non-tested grades and subjects Other student learning measures for non-teaching staff School-wide learning measures (e.g., A-F accountability grade) 	8
Rigorous Measures of Effectiveness			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
☐ Rigorous measures of effectiveness, including observations and other performance indicators	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(3)	 Observation rubrics - for <i>all</i> certificated staff - with detailed descriptions of each level of performance for each domain and/or indicator Other measures used for evaluations (<i>e.g.</i>, surveys) 	4, 10, 15-26

Requirement Statutory / Regu Authority		Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)	
☐ A summative rating as one of the following:	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(4)	Definition of performance categories	10-12	
highly effective, effective, improvement necessary, or ineffective	511 IAC 10-6-2(c)	Summative scoring process that yields placement into each performance category		
☐ A definition of negative impact for certificated staff with statewide assessments ☐ A definition of negative impact for certificated staff without statewide assessments ☐ A final summative rating modification if and when a teacher negatively affects student growth	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(6) 511 IAC 10-6-4(c)	 Definition of negative impact on student growth for grades and subjects measured and not measured by statewide assessments Description of the process for modifying a final summative rating for negative growth For more information regarding Negative Impact, click here. 	8, 9, 24-29	
☐ All evaluation components, including but not limited to student performance data and observation results, factored into the final summative rating	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(4)	 Summative scoring process that yields placement into each performance category Process for scoring student learning measures Weighting (broken down by percentage) of all evaluation components 	4, 8, 15-29	
Evaluation Feedback				
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)	
☐ An explanation of evaluator's recommendations for improvement and the time in which improvement is expected	IC 20-28-11.5-4(c)(5) 511 IAC 10-6-5	 Process and timeline for delivering feedback on evaluations Process for linking evaluation results with professional development 	12, 30	
Evaluation Plan Discussion				
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)	
☐ Evaluation Plan must be in writing and explained prior to evaluations are conducted.	IC 20-28-11.5-4(e)(1) IC 20-28-11.5-4(e)(2)	 Process for ensuring the evaluation plan is in writing and will be explained to the governing body in a public meeting before the evaluations are conducted Before explaining the plan to the governing body, the superintendent of the school corporation shall discuss the plan with teachers or the teachers' representative, if there is one 	13	

Evaluators			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
☐ Only individuals who have received training	IC 20-28-11.5-1	Description of ongoing evaluator training	13
and support in evaluation skills may evaluate	IC 20-28-11.5-5(b)	Description of who will serve as evaluators	
certificated employees	IC 20-28-11.5-8(a)(1)(D)	Process for determining evaluators	
☐ Teachers acting as evaluators (optional)	IC 20-28-11.5-1(2)	Description of who will serve as evaluators	N/A
clearly demonstrate a record of effective	IC 20-28-11.5-1(3)	Process for determining evaluators	
teaching over several years, are approved by	511 IAC 10-6-3		
the principal as qualified to evaluate under the			
evaluation plan, and conduct staff evaluations			
as a significant part of their responsibilities			1.2
☐ All evaluators receive training and support in	IC 20-28-11.5-5(b)	Description of ongoing evaluator training	13
evaluation skills	511 IAC 10-6-3		
Feedback and Remediation Plans			
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Reference Page Number(s)
\square All evaluated employees receive completed	IC 20-28-11.5-6(a)	System for delivering summative evaluation results to employees	12
evaluation and documented feedback within			
seven business days from the completion of the			
evaluation.			
☐ Remediation plans assigned to teachers	IC 20-28-11.5-6(b)	Remediation plan creation and timeframe	12,30
rated as ineffective or improvement necessary		Process for linking evaluation results with professional development	
☐ Remediation plans include the use of	IC 20-28-11.5-6(b)	Description of how employee license renewal credits and/or Professional	30
employee's license renewal credits	10.00.00.11.5.6()	Growth Points will be incorporated into remediation	12.21
☐ Means by which teachers rated as ineffective	IC 20-28-11.5-6(c)	Process for teachers rated as ineffective to request conference with	12, 31
can request a private conference with the		superintendent	
superintendent Instruction Delivered by Teachers Rated Ine	ffoctivo		
instruction between by reachers rated me			Reference Page
Requirement	Statutory / Regulatory Authority	Examples of Relevant Information	Number(s)
\square The procedures established for avoiding	IC 20-28-11.5-7(c)	Process for ensuring students do not receive instruction from ineffective	13
situations in which a student would be		teachers two years in a row	
instructed for two consecutive years by two			
consecutive teachers rated as ineffective	10000011==1:0		1.5
☐ The procedures established to communicate	IC 20-28-11.5-7(d)	Description of how parents will be informed of the situation	13
to parents when student assignment to			
consecutive teachers rated as ineffective is			
unavoidable			



PERFORMANCE EVALUATION PLAN 2018-2019

Our Mission:

The Tri-Creek School Corporation and Community...

Engaged to Learn...Equipped to Achieve...Empowered to Succeed

Tri-Creek School Corporation Professional Evaluation Plan

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Tri-Creek School Corporation - 2018-2019 Professional Evaluation Plan Teacher evaluation improves teaching and as a result improves student learning.

Introduction:

The primary purpose of the Performance Evaluation Plan is to promote continuous improvement in instruction for each of our students. The Performance Evaluation Plan outlines the process and identifies the documents that will be used throughout the evaluation process.

Communication between teachers and evaluators is an essential component in the success of realizing continuous professional growth. This communication will identify the needs for individual and collective professional development programs, recognize high quality teaching performance, and inform recommendations related to current and future job status.

Definitions of Teacher Types:

- A "Probationary" Teacher is a teacher who:
 - o Serves under a contract as a teacher in a public school corporation; and
 - o Has not received a rating in an evaluation under IC 20-28-11.5; or
 - o Earns a rating of ineffective in an evaluation under IC 20-28-11.5; or
 - Has not earned three (3) ratings in a five (5) year period of effective or highly effective in an evaluation under IC 20-28-11.5.
 - Was formerly a "Professional" Teacher who earned a rating of ineffective in an evaluation.
 - A teacher who earns a rating of ineffective or improvement necessary, as defined in I.C. 20-28-11.5, shall develop, in conjunction with the evaluator, a remediation plan (Appendix 1). The teacher shall have at most one semester, or up to ninety (90) school days if a semester is greater than 90 school days, to correct the deficiencies noted on the teacher's completed Performance Evaluation Results Form as required in I.C. 20-28-22.5-6(b).
 - o All newly hired teachers are "Probationary" Teachers.
- A "Professional" Teacher is a teacher who:
 - o Serves under a contract as a teacher in a public school corporation; and
 - Earned a rating of effective or highly effective for at least three (3) years in a five
 (5) year or shorter period.
 - o A "Professional" Teacher who receives a rating of ineffective in an evaluation shall be considered a probationary teacher.
- An "Established" Teacher is a teacher who was employed by the school corporation prior to July 1, 2011. The teacher is only "Established" in the corporation where they earned that status. A Teacher who moves to another corporation becomes a "Probationary" Teacher.

In order to accurately and effectively accommodate the changes in the Indiana State Standards, the corresponding assessments, and the other ongoing changes taking place at the state level, the TCSC will evaluate the process annually and make adaptations to the plan as we transition to

meet the state requirements and provide for accurate evaluations of certified employees. The evaluation plan will be considered in transition from 2014-2017.

1. How does the Evaluation plan work? Annual Evaluations for Certified Staff – Instructional Staff

Annually, each certified employee (teacher, counselor, administrator, etc.) will receive a rating of Highly Effective, Effective, Improvement Necessary, or Ineffective by the school principal. An effectiveness rating is based on Professional Practice and Student Achievement and Growth.

Evaluations for each are based on the following:

Group	Evaluation Instrument	Domains	Instructional Practice	Student Performance	PGP Goals
Teachers	Marzano	1: Classroom Strategies	80%	20%	
	Art and Science of	2: Planning & Preparing			
	Teaching Teacher	3: Reflecting on Teaching			
	Evaluation	4: Collegiality & Professionalism			
Counselors	RISE	1: Academic Achievement	80%	20%	
		2: Student Assistance Services			
		3: Career Development			
		4: Professional Leadership			
Media	Marzano	1: Instructional Support Strategies	80%	20%	
	Instructional	2: Planning & Preparing			
	Support Personnel (Non-Classroom)	3: Reflecting on Teaching			
	(Non-Classicolli)	4: Collegiality & Professionalism			
Athletic	letic Locally developed	1: Purposeful Planning	60%	20%	20%
Director	based on National	2: Effective Instruction			
	Athletic Director	3: Strategic Leadership			
	Program Standards	4: Collegiality & Professionalism			
Principals &	Marzano	1: Data Driven Focus on Student	60%	20%	20%
Instructional	Leadership	Achievement			
Specialists	Evaluation	2: Continuous Improvement			
		3: A Guaranteed and Viable			
		Curriculum			
		4: Cooperation and Collaboration			
		5: School Climate			
Superintendent	ISBA	1: Human Capital Management	60%	20%	20%
	Superintendent Evaluation	2: Instructional Leadership			
	Evaluation	3: Personal Behavior			
		4: Building Relationships			
		5: Culture of Achievement			
		6: Organizational, Operational, &			
		Resource Management			

2. What evidence will be collected to determine a teacher's effectiveness rating?

Evidence to determine a teacher's effectiveness rating comes from the following categories.

- Professional Practice (Instructional Practice and Professionalism)
- Student Achievement and Growth

A description of each category follows.

Professional Practice (Instructional Practice and Professionalism)

- Professional Practice consists of the four domains from Marzano's the Art and Science of Teaching Teacher Evaluation Model through iObservation: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors, Planning and Preparing, Reflecting on Teaching, and Collegiality and Professionalism. Evidence is collected through classroom observations, observations outside the classroom, and artifacts. Because of the depth and breadth of the iObservation protocol (4 domains, 9 design questions, 60 elements), focus elements were identified to prioritize our classroom and observation efforts. All elements are now focus elements beginning in 2016-17.
 - o Focus elements were chosen to align with Tri-Creek initiatives and Marzano's research about specific elements that are most essential for teacher evaluation.
 - Observers will not expect to see or score all focus elements during each informal or formal observation.
 - o Please refer to your learning map for elements for focus elements.

0

• Focus elements are identified as follows.

Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors

DQ1: Communicating Learning Goals and Feedback

- #1 Providing Clear Learning Goals and Scales (Rubrics)
- #2 Tracking Student Progress
- #3 Celebrating Success

DQ6: Establishing Rules and Procedures

- #4 Establishing Classroom Routines
- #5 Organizing the Physical Layout of the Classroom

DQ2: Helping Students Interact with New Knowledge

- #6 Identifying Critical Information
- #7 Organizing Students to Interact with New Knowledge
- #8 Previewing New Content
- #9 Chunking Content in to "Digestible Bites"
- #10 Processing of New Information
- #11 Elaborating on New Information
- #12 Recording and Representing New Knowledge
- #13 Reflecting on Learning

DQ3: Helping Students Practice and Deepen New Knowledge

- #14 Reviewing Content
- #15 Organizing Student to Practice and Deepen Knowledge
- #16 Using Homework
- #17 Examining Similarities and Differences
- #18 Examining Errors in Reasoning
- #19 Practicing Skills, Strategies, and Processes
- #20 Revising Knowledge

DQ6: Helping Students Generate and Test Hypotheses

• #21 – Organizing Students for Cognitively Complex Tasks

- #22 Engaging Students in Cognitively Complex Tasks Involving Hypothesis Generation and Testing
- #23 Providing Resources and Guidance

DQ5: Engaging Students

- #24 Noticing When Students Are Not Engaged
- #25 Using Academic Games
- #26 Managing Response Rates
- #27 Using Physical Movement
- #28 Maintaining a Lively Pace
- #29 Demonstrating Intensity and Enthusiasm
- #30 Using Friendly Controversy
- #31 Providing Opportunities for Students to Talk about Themselves
- #32 Presenting Unusual or Intriguing Information

DQ7: Recognizing Adherence to Rules and Procedures

- #33 Demonstrating "Withitness"
- #34 Applying Consequences for Lack of Adherence to Rules and Procedures
- #35 Acknowledging Adherence to Rules and Procedures

DQ8: Establishing and Maintaining Effective Relationships with Students

- #36 Using Students' Interests and Background
- #37 Using Verbal and Nonverbal Behaviors that Indicate Affection for Students
- #38 Displaying Objectivity and Control

DQ9: Communicating High Expectations For All Students

- #39 Demonstrating Value and Respect Low Expectancy Students *
- #40 Asking Questions of Low Expectancy Students *
- #41 Probing Incorrect Answers with Low Expectancy Students *

Domain 2: Planning and Preparing

- #42 Effective Scaffolding of information with Lessons
- #43 Lessons within Units
- #44 Attention to Established Content Standards
- #45 Use of Available Traditional Resources
- #46 Use of Available Technology
- #49 Needs of Students Who Lack Support for Schooling

Domain 3: Reflecting on Teaching

- #50 Identifying Areas of Pedagogical Strength and Weakness
- #51 Evaluating the Effectiveness of Individual Lessons and Units
- #52 Evaluating the Effectiveness of Specific Pedagogical Strategies and Behaviors

Domain 4: Collegiality and Professionalism

- #55 Promoting a Positive Environment with Colleagues
- #56 Promoting Positive Interactions about Students and Parents
- #59 Adhering to District and School Rule and Procedures
- #60 Participating in District and School Initiatives

The following elements will be assessed as appropriate:

- #47 Needs of English Language Learners
- #48 Needs of Students Receiving Special Education
- #57 Seeking Mentorship for Areas of Need or Interest
- #59 Mentoring Other Teachers and Sharing Ideas and Strategies

3. Definition of Data types used in the Performance Evaluation Plan: Tier 1 assessments are to be used first, followed by Tier 2 and finally Tier 3.

Primary Assessments: *Must use ISTEP+ Individual Growth Measure (IGM) and it must carry more weight than other assessments. If IGM is not available, then use ISTEP+ performance.

<u>Tier 1 Assessments</u> are required standardized assessments, such as but not limited to ISTEP+, End of Course Assessments (ECA), and ISTAR.

Secondary Assessments:

<u>Tier 2 Assessments</u> are standardized assessments (NWEA, PLTW, CTE, SAT, PSAT, etc.). <u>Tier 3 Assessments</u> are formative assessments or local assessments that are not standardized within large sample sizes but are standardized in terms of use within grade levels or subject areas within TCSC (Common assessments, common projects, ALEKS, IAKT, etc.)

Student Achievement and Growth

The overall determination for Student Achievement and Growth will be determined as follows:

Group	Primary Assessment– ISTEP+	Secondary Assessment	Secondary Assessment	Report
_	IGM* / Student Performance	Tier 2	Tier 3	Card
Elementary				
Math and E/LA ISTEP+ Teachers	ISTEP+ = 8%	NWEA = 7% Reading		5%
Grades 4-5				
Math and E/LA ISTEP+ Teachers	ISTEP+=8%	NWEA = 7% Reading		5%
Grade 3				
Classroom Teachers Grades K-2		NWEA = 7.5% Math		5%
		NWEA = 7.5% Reading		
Art, Music, PE Teachers K-5		NWEA = 15% Reading		5%
Title 1/Remediation Teachers	ISTEP+ = 8% Reading	NWEA = 7% Reading		5%
ELL Teacher	ISTEP+=8%	NWEA = 7% Reading		5%
Middle School				
Math and E/LA ISTEP+ Teachers,	ISTEP+ = 8%	NWEA = 7% Math or		5%
Remediation Teachers		Reading		
Science Teachers	ISTEP+ Science = 8% Gr. 6	NWEA = 15% Gr. 7&8		5%
		Reading		
		NWEA = 7% Gr. 6		
		Reading		
Social Studies Gr. 7	ISTEP+=8%	NWEA – 7% Reading		5%
Art, Music, PE, Health, Digital		NWEA = 15% Reading		5%
Literacy, Social Studies (gr. 6 & 8)				
Guidance Counselor			Kuder CCR plans = 15%	5%
ELL Teacher	ISTEP+=8%	NWEA = 7% Reading		5%
High School				
9th & 10th Grade ISTEP+ Math	ISTEP+ % Passing = 8%		IAKT (WC Rubric)= 7%	5%
9th and 10th Grade ISTEP+ Biology	ISTEP+ Bio = 8%		IAKT (WC Rubric)= 7%	5%
9th and 10th Grade ISTEP+ Science	ISTEP+ % Passing = 8%		IAKT (WC Rubric)= 7%	5%
Non-ISTEP subjects	ISTEP+ E/LA = 8%		IAKT (WC Rubric)= 7%	5%
Grade 9-10				
Grade 11 subjects except CTE			IAKT (WC Rubric)=	5%
7			15%	
Grade 12 Subjects except CTE			IAKT (WC Rubric)=	5%
· ·			15%	
CTE Teachers		Precision/ECA = 8%	IAKT (WC Rubric)= 7%	5%
		Performance/ Growth	, , , ,	
Guidance Counselor			Honors Diplomas =7.5%	5%
			CCR Plans=7.5%	
Media Specialist	ISTEP E/LA Passing = 15%			5%
ELL Teacher	ISTEP+ = 8%		IAKT (WC Rubric)= 7%	5%
Alt/OC Teacher			Writing $(CB) = 15\%$	5%

^{**}NWEA comparisons will be fall to spring

Scoring Ranges

ISTEP+ Individual Growth Model (IGM) Gr. 4-8	Non-ISTEP+ Growth Measures Gr. K-11
Must use this as the primary assessment and	HE (4) – 65% of students demonstrated expected growth
must be higher than any other performance	E (3) – 50-64% of students demonstrated expected growth
measure per Indiana State Board of Education	NI (2) – 35-49% of students demonstrated expected growth
	IE (1) – 34% and less students demonstrated expected
HE (4) – Teachers whose students have a median	growth
growth score that with statistical certainty falls at	
or above 65	Negative Impact: 34% and below demonstrated expected
E (3) – Teachers whose students have a median	growth
growth score that with statistical certainty falls at	
or above 50 but below 65	
NI (2) – Teachers whose students have a median	
growth score that with statistical certainty falls	
below 50 but above 34	
IE (1) – Teachers whose students have a median	
growth score that with statistical certainty falls at	
or below 34	
of below 54	
Negative Impact: (The state will define Negative	
Impact)	
impacti	
Statistical certainty indicates the Median	
Standard Error is considered in the determination	
of the final growth measure. Standard error is	
1.25.	
Unner Dound of Madian, Madian, Ctandard Error	
Upper Bound of Median: Median+Standard Error	
Lower Bound of Median: Median-Standard Error	
The scare ranges are determined by the IDOF	
The score ranges are determined by the IDOE.	
TCSC score ranges will reflect the IDOE ranges.	CTF Deuferman of LANTS (Ford of Ohr 2 Ford of Ohr 4)
ISTEP+ Performance Gr. 3 and Gr. 6-10	CTE Performance/ IAKTS (End of Qtr 2-End of Qtr 4)
Percent of students passing:	HE(4) – 86% and above passing/proficient or grown 2 levels
HE(4) - +5% or more above state average	E(3) – 75-85% passing/proficient or grown 1 level
E(3) – at the state average (0-+4% or 04%)	NI(2) – 55-74% passing/proficient or shown no growth
NI(2) – -5%9% below the state average	IE (1) – 54% and below passing
IE (1) – -10% or more below the state average	
**This year to determine baseline	Negative Impact: Less than 30% of students passed the
Negative Impact: Percent of students scoring	Exam
-30% (below the state average).	
Student Learning Objectives	Student Learning Objectives
Percent of Graduating seniors earned Honors	Completed CCR Plans and pathways
Diplomas	115(4) 050(1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.1 1.
HE(4) – 50% and above achieved goal	HE(4) – 95% and above achieved goal
E(3) – 40-49% achieved goal	E(3) – 90-94% achieved goal
NI(2) – 30-39% achieved goal	NI(2) – 85-89% achieved goal
IE(1) – 20-29% achieved goal	IE (1) – 80-84% and below achieved goal
Negative Impact: Less than 20% achieved goal	Negative Impact: Less than 75% completion

4. How are educator's evaluation accountability links created?

- a. Students must have 162 days of school attendance for their scores to count.
- b. Teachers assigned to multiple schools will have accountability linked to the school in which they spend the greatest amount of time with the same group of students.
- c. E/LA and Math students will be assigned to teacher(s) who provide instruction in those subjects.
- d. Title 1/Remediation/RTI Teachers will be linked to their students. Students must be assigned to the program for 9 consecutive weeks or more to be counted.
- e. Credit recovery will not be assigned for accountability.
- f. Teachers with semester courses will have students from 2nd semester linked to their accountability.
- g. Teachers teaching multiple subjects will have their student rosters linked to them.
- h. Opportunity Center and Alternative School students are required to be on the roster 9 consecutive weeks or more for accountability for the Alternative Programs Teacher.
- i. Students placed in the Opportunity Center or Alternative School program for less than 9 consecutive weeks, but who are not in regular class attendance for 162 days will not count toward the classroom teacher's accountability.
- j. All classes will receive their points based on the scoring ranges and then the points will be averaged. Negative impact will not be determined based on one class, but rather the overall score. If every class is different grade or subject, then Negative Impact will be determined based on the majority of students and their assessment scores. If there are multiple assessments for those students, negative impact will be determined by the assessment with the highest accountability percentage.

5. What is Negative Impact as defined by the Indiana Department of Education?

In order to receive a designation of a teacher that "Negatively Impacts Student Learning," as defined by the Indiana Department of Education, the teacher must meet the following two criteria based on:

- A. Low student proficiency or achievement on ISTEP+ (passing percentage)
- B. Minimum number of students displaying low growth from the previous test administration of the ISTEP+

6. What is Negative Impact for a teacher as defined by Tri-Creek?

The designation of Negative Impact at the local level will be determined by criteria consistent with the system used by the IDOE to the degree possible. Because many Student Achievement and Growth Measures in non-ISTEP+ subjects are not normed at a state or national level, and are not linked to growth targets that are statistically generated through complex calculations, the use of growth as criteria for Negative Impact is not always possible. See the chart for Scoring Ranges that will identify Negative Impact for various groups.

- A. Low student proficiency on approved Student Achievement Measures or low growth during the school year (as determined by Primary or Secondary Measures)
- **B.** Guidance Counselors Negative Impact will be based on percent completion of College and Career Readiness Plans, Pathways, and Honors Diplomas.

7. What is Negative Impact for an administrator as defined by Tri-Creek?

The designation of Negative Impact for an administrator at the local level is defined by the school/district report card. A designation of F will be defined as Negative Impact. Additionally, an administrator with a school or district report card of a C or below will not receive a summative rating above Effective.

8. How is the Designation of Negative Impact applied to a teacher's or administrator's summative rating?

If a teacher has been determined (by IDOE or local definition) to have a Negative Impact on Student Learning the teacher or administrator will be placed on a Plan of Assistance. See appendix for the plan.

9. Per Indiana Code 20-28-11.5-4© **(6):** *Teachers who negatively affect student achievement and growth cannot receive a rating of highly effective or effective.* These teachers rated HE or E will have their summative rating drop to Needs Improvement. Teachers rated NI will have their summative rating dropped to Ineffective.

10. How will an effectiveness rating be determined from the evidence in iObservation?

After all informal and formal observations for the semester are completed, element scores will be averaged for each domain, with scores at *Innovating* receiving 4 points, *Applying*-3 points, *Developing* - 2 points, *Beginning* -1 point, and *Not Using* - 0 points. Domains are weighted to emphasize Classroom Strategies and Behaviors.

- Domain weights in **iObservation** will be as follows:
 - o Domain 1: Classroom Strategies and Behaviors 68%
 - Domain 2: Planning and Preparing 12%
 - Domain 3: Reflecting on Teaching 8%
 - Domain 4: Collegiality and Professionalism 12%

• Scores for effectiveness rating are listed below:

Score Range	iObservation Rating	TCSC Rating	State Rating
Less than 2.0	Beginning	Ineffective	Ineffective
2.0-2.49	Developing	Needs Improvement	Needs Improvement
2.5-2.99	Applying	Effective - Developing	Effective
3.0-3.49	Applying	Effective - Proficient	Effective
3.5and above	Innovating	Highly Effective	Highly Effective

• There is no "quota" or expectation that a given number of teachers will be scored in any given category!

11. What is the difference between a Highly Effective and Effective Teacher?

	East Description	
Highly Effective	Effective - Proficient	Efficient - Developing
Adapts and creates new strategies for	Engages students in the strategy and	Engages students in the strategy and monitors
unique student needs and situations.	monitors the extent to which it produces	less than 50% the extent to which it produces
	the desired outcomes.	the desired outcomes.
High student achievement and growth		
as defined in this document.	Average student achievement and growth	Average student achievement and/or lower
	as defined in this document.	growth as defined in this document
Using substantive and perceptive		
reflections, the teacher adapts and		The teacher reflects on their instruction when
creates new strategies for his/her	The teacher accurately reflects on their	asked
instructional practices.	instruction consistently.	
		The teacher interacts with colleagues mostly
The teacher engages in positive and	The teacher interacts with colleagues in a	in a positive manner.
collaborative professional	positive manner.	
interactions.		The teacher participates in school events and
	The teacher actively participates in	professional development.
The teacher pursues, and assumes	school and district events and engages in	
leadership roles in school, district, and	professional development.	There is inconsistency in most areas.
professional development activities.		

12. How is the overall score with both Professional Practice and Student Achievement and Growth determined?

The overall teacher effectiveness rating is based on 80% Professional Practice from the 4 Domains and 20% on Student Achievement and Growth. Administrators will be assessed with 20% on Student Achievement and Growth based on the School Report Card. As the School Report Card information is not received from the IDOE until the fall of the following year, the overall teacher rating will not be determined until the fall of the subsequent year. The score for effectiveness will be as follows:

Score Range	iObservation Rating	TCSC Rating	State Rating per !C 20-28-11.5
Less than 2.0	Beginning	Ineffective	Ineffective
2.0-2.49	Developing	Needs Improvement	Needs Improvement
2.5-2.99	Applying	Effective - Developing	Effective
3.0-3.49	Applying	Effective - Proficient	Effective
3.5and above	Innovating	Highly Effective	Highly Effective

When will a teacher be evaluated?

- A minimum of three informal observations and one formal observation per school year.
 All observations will be unannounced. A typical cycle would be for the formal observation to occur in second semester. Exceptions to the timing may be made for FMLA situations.
 - During the first semester, a videotape may be submitted by the teacher to substitute for
 one of the informal observations. This will allow the observer and the teacher to review
 and rate the video side by side, and allow for immediate feedback.
 - Observations and evaluations need to be scheduled far in advance for a teacher going on FMLA. However unexpected illnesses do occur. Reminder, if the teacher does not get their formal and informal observations completed and/or does not have 120 days, s/he will not receive a raise for the following year nor be eligible for the performance grant.
- Teachers with a previous year instructional practice rating of 3.5 or above will have one less informal observation. Teachers with an instructional practice rating of 3.75 or above will have two less informal observations.
- A pilot group of teachers with high instructional practice ratings as identified above will be selected to pilot the revised evaluation instrument developed by Robert Marzano.
- Teachers will be notified who their evaluator is during the first two weeks of school.
- All observations will be used for accountability and effectiveness ratings for the 2015-2016 year.
- All employees will receive completed evaluation and documented feedback within seven business days from the completion of the summary evaluation.
- An attempt will be made not to conduct formal evaluations during the last week of each semester.

Informal Classroom Observations

Informal classroom observations are unscheduled and inform the effectiveness rating. The observer will be in the classroom collecting evidence of instructional practice. During the observation the observer can collect student and teacher evidence for any of the elements of the nine "Design Questions." After the observation, observers may request artifacts and/or schedule a time to meet within <u>seven</u> business days following the informal observation. Teachers will view the evidence collected and may request evidence be added or removed. The observer will review the request and make a determination. The evaluator will address deficiencies when a teacher receives a rating of Improvement Necessary or Ineffective through the collaboration tool in iObservation. In addition, the evaluator or teacher may request a face-to-face meeting to discuss the rating.

Observations outside the classroom

Teachers can be observed in settings outside the classroom setting. Examples of observations outside the classroom setting can include a teacher mentoring another teacher, a teacher receiving mentoring, participation in professional learning communities, staff meetings, or parent meetings.

Artifacts

To glean a better understanding of the breadth and depth of a teacher's work, artifacts can be submitted by the teacher or requested by the observer/evaluator conveying the range of classroom strategies and behaviors, planning and preparation, reflecting on teaching, or demonstrating collegiality and professionalism. Artifacts can include but are not limited to, lesson plans, assignments, scoring rubrics, student work, reflections, meeting agendas and minutes, documented improvement plan and monitoring, documentation of professional development attended or delivered, documentation of adherence to corporation and school rules and procedures, and documentation of participation in corporation and school initiatives.

13. How will a teacher receive their annual evaluation?

A teacher will receive a tentative final evaluation rating and evidence prior to the evaluation conference with the Principal. The evaluator will meet with the employee within **seven** business days following the final observation to discuss the evaluation. During the conference, the evaluator shall review the rating and evidence with the teacher and provide the teacher time to respond with additional evidence and questions.

Following the evaluation conference, the evaluator shall validate the rating or modify the rating based on additional evidence and information from the evaluation conference within <u>seven</u> business days. Teachers have access to the email copy of the evaluation in iObservation. A Tri-Creek Evaluation Form will be provided to the teacher following the evaluation conference that will carry the signatures of the principal and teacher indicating completion of the formal evaluation. The teacher may reply, in writing, within <u>seven</u> business days if desired. Such replies shall be included in personnel records along with the completed evaluation. The final evaluation for the year will be provided following the inclusion of the school report card.

Note: Teachers rated ineffective may request a private meeting with the Superintendent within <u>five</u> business days of receipt of the final evaluation copy. See Written Request for Private Conference Form in Appendix.

14. What if an intervention is necessary?

Any time during a school year there may be administrative concerns about a teacher in the elements of professional practice including classroom strategies and behaviors, planning and preparing, reflecting on teaching, and collegiality and professionalism; or student achievement and growth. To address concerns, an intervention/improvement plan will be implemented immediately and results will inform the effectiveness the rating

When a concern is identified, an Intervention Conference will convene. The teacher and administrator will meet to review the concern. The administrator will state the concern and supporting evidence and provide time for the teacher to respond. If deemed appropriate, an intervention plan will be implemented to address the concern. An intervention plan will include goals, strategies, evidence needed and timeline, including a progress monitoring conference schedule. Evidence of goal attainment can include but is not limited to classroom observations, student achievement and growth data, observations outside the classroom, and artifacts. Per IC 20-20-11.5-6(b), *the remediation plan shall be not more than 90 days in length to correct the deficiencies noted in the evaluation*. Professional Development opportunities tied to the teacher goal will carry professional growth points for teacher renewal.

15. How are teacher observations and the summary evaluation tied to professional development?

Teachers have access to the video library within iObservation to address deficiencies on any element or to work toward higher levels within each element. Additionally, evaluators have access to iObservation Academy which provides lessons addressing each element. New Teachers will be provided professional development on the iObservation tool, domains, and elements through iObservation Academy throughout the year. Each teacher will also receive individual coaching by their principal on elements and goals selected by the teacher and evaluator.

16. How will the evaluation plan be explained?

The evaluation plan will be discussed with the Tri-Creek Teachers Organization and then explained to the Board of School Trustees in a public meeting prior to any evaluations being conducted in accordance with IC 20-28-11.5-4 \in (1) and (2).

17. Who can become an observer/evaluator?

Observers include administrators and certified staff who have been approved by the Superintendent or designee. Observers must be trained in Dr. Robert Marzano's Causal Teacher Evaluation Model. Training may be conducted by certified trainers of the model, in-house trainer, or through completion of the iObservation Academy and Fidelity modules. On-going training will be provided monthly utilizing the Fidelity module to ensure inter-rater reliability between administrators and consistency over time.

18. How will situations be avoided where a student would be instructed for two consecutive years by two ineffective teachers?

To avoid situations where a student would be instructed for two consecutive years by two ineffective teachers, the Principal will review student lists and identify those who were instructed by an ineffective teacher. The identified student(s) will be placed in the classroom of a teacher who has not received an ineffective rating the previous year.

In the event a student is placed in the classroom of a teacher who has been rated ineffective for the second year in a row, the parents will be informed in a certified manner before the school year begins.

SUPERINTENDENT EVALUATION FRAMEWORK

LEADERSHIP OUTCOMES (60%):

Effectiveness Rubric (60%): This score is obtained from the evaluation rating from the ISBA/IAPSS Superintendent Evaluation Rubric.

	Category	Points
Effectiveness	Highly Effective (HE)	4
Rubric	Effective (E)	3
	Improvement Necessary (I)	2
	Ineffective (IN)	1

STUDENT LEARNING DATA (20%):

Accountability A-F Grade (20%): The Accountability A-F Grade is obtained through its own rating process that incorporates growth and achievement.

A-F Grade	Category	Points
A	Highly Effective (HE)	4
В	Effective (E)	3
С	Improvement Necessary (I)	2
D or F	Ineffective (IN)	1

Negative Impact is an F on the Accountability District A-F Grade.

SUPERINTENDENT GOALS/OBJECTIVES (20%):

This is an opportunity for superintendents to focus on individual goals/objectives mutually identified by the superintendent and school board that address local needs, focus on specific areas of school administration, or that emphasize areas of personal growth and performance. It is weighted at 20% of the superintendent's comprehensive rating.

The guidelines for Superintendent Goals/Objectives are as follows:

- 1. Must be collaboratively set by superintendent and school board
- 2. Must be measurable
- 3. Must represent a minimum of two goals
- 4. May be corporation or school-based
- 5. Can be reflective of personal growth or achievement

Expectation	Category	Points
Exceeds all goals	Highly Effective (HE)	4
Meets all goals, may exceed one	Effective (E)	3
Meets only one goal	Improvement Necessary (I)	2
Meets no goals	Ineffective (IN)	1

COMPUTING THE SCORE:

	Raw Score	x Weight	= SCORE
Rubric Rating	3	0.60	1.8
+ Accountability A-F Grade	4	0.20	.8
+ Superintendent Goals/Objective Rating	4	0.20	.8
		Comprehensive Effectiveness Rating	3.4

SCALE

	Categories			
	Ineffective	Improvement	Effective	Highly Effective
		Necessary		
Points*	1.0	2.5	3.0	3.5 4.0

Tri-Creek School Corporation Performance Evaluation Plan Appendix

Appendix A TCSC Administrative Professional Growth Plan

Name:	School/Department	t:
Present	Total Years in Assignment:	Present
Total Years Experience:	Total Years in TCSC:	
Cohool Voor		
Conferences:		
Date of initial	conference:	
Signatures:		
	Supervisor	Administrator
Date of mid-ye	ear conference/checkpoint:	
Signatures:		
	Supervisor	Administrator
Date of reflect	ion conference:	
Signatures:		
	Supervisor	Administrator

Directions:

- Write one Cultural and two Academic SMART goals/desired outcomes
 - o Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Realistic, Timely
- Goals must be collaboratively set by administrator and evaluator and approved by Superintendent
- Academic goals must be based on student learning measures (student data)
- Academic goals may be growth/improvement or achievement
- Academic goals may be based on whole school or subgroup populations
- Goals may be district or school based
- Construct a growth plan.
- Determine one or more ways in which evidence of success will be collected and documented.
- The goal is to be aligned with the district goals and/or the Leadership Categories.
- It is the administrator's responsibility to contact the superintendent when he/she is ready to conference as outlined in the flowchart.

Administrative PGP Rubric (If close to goal and all activities completed, may receive 2.5)

Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)
Exceeds two or more	Meets all	Meets two of the	Meets one or less of
Leadership Goals	Leadership goals,	Leadership Goals.	the Leadership Goals.
	may exceed one.		ļ ,

Administrative Academic Goals:

This is an opportunity or administrators to focus on student learning beyond the state mandated assessments. This component allows a principal to set two academic goals to suit local needs, focus on specific areas, or to emphasize growth if they are an underperforming school, etc.

Some possible student learning data sources or areas a principal may set goals around include: iRead 3, WIDA, ISTAR, NWEA, common assessments in subject areas, AP data, the SAT Suite of assessments, industry certification assessments, dual credit achievement, or graduation rate. Others may be used as long as they allow for the guidelines to be met.

Elementary / Middle School Examples:

- At least 20 out of 35 ELL students in grades 3-5 will increase one or more proficiency levels on the WIDA
 assessment.
- The bottom 24% of grade 6-8 students, based on the previous year's ISTEP+ scores, will increase their ISTEP+ E/LA passing rates by 10% from 35% to 45% passing.
- 70% of K-2 students will score a proficient or above on the NWEA.

High School Examples:

- The percentage of AP students scoring a 3,4, or 5 on any AP test will increase from 45% last year to 60% this year.
- The bottom 25% of 10th grade students will increase their average scores on the English 10 ECA by 10 points.
- Increase the number of career and technical students gaining career-ready certificates from 15-30 by the end of the school year.

Administrative Culture Goals:

This is an opportunity to focus on aspects of the school/district culture. Examples of data sources that may be considered include: attendance rates, discipline referral rates, survey results, or anything not based specifically on student academic achievement or growth.

The Athletic Director will have two culture goals and one academic goal.

SMART Goal#1:				
Strategy A:				
	Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)
Strategy B:				
	Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)
Strategy C:				
	Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)
i .				

SMART Go				
Strategy A:				
	Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)
Strategy B:				
	Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)
Strategy C:				
	Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)

Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)

SMART Go: #3:				
Strategy A:				
	Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)
Strategy 3:				
	Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)
Strategy				
	Activities	Timeline	Progress Monitoring	Resources & Support Person(s)

Appendix B

dministrative Mid-Year Review Date:		
dministrators Name:	Supervisors Name:	
SMART Goal:		
1. What progress has been made to	oward your goal?	
2. What challenges have you faced	reaching your goal?	
3. What modifications need to be m	ade for the last part of the year?	
4. What support is needed?		
5. Additional Reflections:		
dministrator Signature	Evaluator Signature	

Appendix C

Administrative Summative Reflection and Review	Date:
Administrators Name:S	upervisors Name:
SMART Goal:	
1. Describe the attainment of your goal (Provide	e quantitative data of attainment and narrative analysis):
2. What learning occurred that impacts your learning	dership?
3. Additional Reflections	
4. Evaluator Feedback:	
Administrator Signature	Evaluator Signature

Appendix D

TCSC Administrator Evaluation Summary

Review Period:						•
Employee:	I	Position	/Job Ti	itle:		Site:
Supervisor:						
Administrator Signature:					_	Date:
Supervisor Signature:					_	Date:
Ratings: 3.5-4 – HE 3-3.49	– E – Proficient	2.5-2.99	9 – E - I	Develo	ping	2.0-2.49 – NI 1.0-1.99 – IE
			_		D 4.	
Final Score: Professional Crowth Plan						ng:
Professional Growth Plan (4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets a	Goals or Student	t Learn	ing Ob	jectiv s two c	ves: 2	20% Score/Rating goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goal
Professional Growth Plan (Goals or Student	t Learni	ing Ob	jectiv s two o	ves: 2	20% Score/Rating goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goal Measures
Professional Growth Plan (4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets a Goal (Goals are to be SMAR)	Goals or Student	t Learn	ing Ob	jectiv s two c	ves: 2	20% Score/Rating goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goal
Professional Growth Plan (4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets a Goal (Goals are to be SMAR)	Goals or Student	t Learn	ing Ob	jectiv s two c	ves: 2	20% Score/Rating goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goal Measures Based on student learning
Professional Growth Plan (4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets a Goal (Goals are to be SMAR) Performance Factors: 20%	Goals or Student all goals, may excee Γ goals) Score/Rating	t Learn	ing Ob	jectiv	ves: 2	20% Score/Rating goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goal Measures Based on student learning measures, academic achievement
Professional Growth Plan (4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets a Goal (Goals are to be SMAR) • • • Performance Factors: 20% Student Performance	Goals or Student all goals, may exceed Γ goals)	t Learn	s = Meets	jectiv s two o	yes: 2	goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goal Measures Based on student learning measures, academic achievement and growth
Professional Growth Plan (4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets a Goal (Goals are to be SMAR) Performance Factors: 20%	Goals or Student all goals, may excee Γ goals) Score/Rating	t Learn	s = Meets 3 Sca A -	jectives two constraints and the leter HE -	of the 1 - 3.6-	goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goal Measures Based on student learning measures, academic achievement and growth
Professional Growth Plan (4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets a Goal (Goals are to be SMAR) • • • Performance Factors: 20% Student Performance	Goals or Student all goals, may excee Γ goals) Score/Rating	t Learn	Sca A – B –	le HE-	7es: 2	goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goal Measures Based on student learning measures, academic achievement and growth
Professional Growth Plan (4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets a Goal (Goals are to be SMAR) • • • Performance Factors: 20% Student Performance	Goals or Student all goals, may excee Γ goals) Score/Rating	t Learn	Sca A - B - C -	jectives two constraints and the leter HE -	7es: 2 of the 1 - 3.6- 2.5-3. 2.0-2	goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goal Measures Based on student learning measures, academic achievement and growth -5.0 .5 2.49

Domain	Score	Percent	Final	Comments
			Score	
1. Data Driven Focus on Student				
Achievement				
2. Continuous Improvement				
3. A Guaranteed and Viable				
Curriculum				
4. Cooperation and Collaboration				
5. School Climate				

^{**}An administrator with a Performance Rating of C or below cannot receive a Summative Rating higher than Effective.

Appendix ETCSC Superintendent Evaluation Summary

Review Period:								
Employee:			Posi	tion	Job '	Title:		Site:
Supervisor:								
Administrator Signature:							_	Date:
Supervisor Signature:							_	Date:
Ratings: 3.5-4 – HE 3-3.49 – E –	Profici	ient	2.5	-2.99) – E -	Develo	ping	g 2.0-2.49 – NI 1.0-1.99 – IE
Final Score:				_		Final	Rat	ing:
Professional Growth Plan Goals 4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets all goa						•		20% Score/Rating e goals 1 = Meets one or less of the goals
Goal (Goals are to be SMART goal				4	3	_	1	Measures
•	•							Based on student learning
•								measures, academic achievement
•								and growth
Performance Factors: 20% Sco	re/Rat	ing						
	Score	8			Sc	cale		
School Report Card					Α	– HE -	- 3.6	5-5.0
1						-E-2		
					C	- NI -	2.0-	-2.49
					D	-IE-	1.0-	1.99
					F	- IE –	Belo	ow 1.0 and $F = Negative Impact$
Leadership Evaluation Model: (50% 5	Scor	·e/Ra	ating	(San	ne scal	e as	overall rating)
Domain			ore		rcent			Comments
						Score		
Human Capital Manage	ment					20010		
2. Instructional Leadership				1			\dashv	
3. Personal Behavior								

4. Building Relationships
5. Culture of Achievement
6. Organizational, Operational, & Resource Management

^{**}An administrator with a Performance Rating of C or below cannot receive a Summative Rating higher than Effective.

Appendix F

TCSC Athletic Director Evaluation Summary

Review Period:	SC Ath	neuc D	ırec	tor 1	Lvaiu	atto	n Summary
Employee:		Pos	sition	/Job ˈ	Title:		Site:
Supervisor:							
Administrator Signature:							Date:
_							
Supervisor Signature:							Date:
Ratings: 3.5-4 – HE 3-3.49 – E	– Profic	cient 2.	5-2.99) – E -	- Deve	loping	g 2.0-2.49 – NI 1.0-1.99 – IE
Final Score:					Fina	l Rati	ing:
Professional Growth Plan Goa				C	Ü		C
4 = Exceeds all goals 3 = Meets all g Goal (Goals are to be SMART go		exceed o	ne 2	= Me	ets half	the go	pals 1 = Meets less than half the goals Measures
•							Based on student learning
•							measures, academic achievement
•							and growth
Performance Factors: 20% So	core/Ra	ting	ı	J			
Student Performance	Score			So	cale		
School Report Card				A	- HE	-3.6	-5.0
				В	-E-	2.5-3	.5
					– NI -		
					– IE -		
				F	- IE -	- Belo	ow 2.0
	600 /	a	4.	/ C			n
Leadership Evaluation Model:	60%						
Domain		Score	Per	cent	Final Score		Comments
1. 1: Purposeful Planning							
2. 2: Effective Instruction							
3. 3: Strategic Leadership			1				
4. 4: Collegiality &							
Professionalism							

• Athletic Director – Negative Impact – IHSAA Sportsmanship Rating below 90 points

Appendix GTCSC Teacher Evaluation Summary

Review Period:						
Employee:	Position/Job Title: Site:					
Department:						
Supervisor:						
•				.		
Teacher Signature:	Date: : Date:					
Supervisor Signature:						
Ratings: 3.5-4 – HE 3-3.49 – H	E – Proficien	t 2.5-	2.99 – E	- Developing 2.0-2.49 – NI 1.0-1.99 – IE		
FINAL SCORE:		_ FINA	AL RAT	TING:		
Performance Factors: 20% S	core/Rating	g (Stud	ents mus	t have 162 days school attendance for their scores to coun		
Student Performance	Score	%	Final	Scale		
			Score			
% Student Passing ISTEP+				Percent of students passing:		
				HE(4) – +5% or more above state average		
				E(3) – at the state average (0-+4% or 04%)		
				NI(2) – -5%9% below the state average		
				IE (1) – -10% or more below the state average		
				**This year to determine baseline		
				Negative Impact: Percent scoring -30% below state		
				average.		
Individual Growth Measure				65% or higher growth = 4.0		
IGM Elementary/Middle				50-64% growth = 3.0		
NWEA High School				35-49% growth = 2.0		
8				34% or less = 1.0		
CTE				Negative Impact: 34% and below growth		
CTE				HE(4) – 90% and above passing/proficient or grown 2 levels		
		1		E(3) – 80-89% passing/proficient or grown 1 level		
		1		IN(2) – 60-79% passing/proficient or shown no growth		
		1		IE (1) – 59% and below passing		
		1		Negative Impact: Less than 30% of students passed the		
IAWT (WC Dark at a)		+		Exam Compact CTE		
IAKT (WC Rubric)		7 0/		Same as CTE		
School Report Card	1	5%	1	1		

Teacher Evaluation Model: 80% Score/Rating (Same scale as overall rating)

Domain	Score	Percent	Final	Comments
			Score	
Classroom Strategies				
2. Planning and Preparing				
3. Reflecting on Teaching				
4. Collegiality and				
Professionalism				

Appendix HTCSC Guidance Counselor Evaluation Summary

Review Period:							
Employee:			Positio	on/Job Titl	e:		
Department:	Site:						
Supervisor:							
Teacher Signature:				_ Da	te:		
Supervisor Signature:					Date:		
Ratings: 3.5-4 – HE 3-3.49 – E	. – Proficio	ent 2.5-2	2.99 – E ·	- Developing	g 2.0-2.49 – NI	1.0-1.99 – IE	
FINAL SCORE:		FINA	L RAT	ING:			
Performance Factors: 20% Se	core/Rati	ng (Stude	nts must	have 162 da	ys school attendance	e for their scores to cour	ıt)
Student Performance	Score	%	Final Score	Scale			
Middle School: % completion of CCR Plans in Kuder		15%		95+% = 4 90-94% = 85-89% -	3.0		
in Kuder				80-84% =		ess passing	
High School: % graduating seniors earning an Honors Diploma		7.5%		50% or hi 40-49% gr	gher growth = 4.0 rowth = 3.0 rowth = 2.0		
					ss = 1.0 Impact: Less than	20%	
High School: % completion of CCR Plans and Pathways in Naviance		7.5%		95+% = 4 90-94% = 85-89% - 80-84% =	3.0 2.0		
School Report Card		5%		1 108411101			
Teacher Evaluation Model: 8							
Domain		Score 1	Percent	Final	Comments		

Domain	Score	Percent	Final	Comments
			Score	
1. Academic Achievement				
2. Student Assistance Services				
3. Career Development				
4. Professional Leadership				

Appendix I TCSC Non-Classroom Support Evaluation Summary

Review Period:						
Employee:			Positi	on/Job T	litle:	
Department:			Site:			
Supervisor:						
Teacher Signature:				_	Date:	
Supervisor Signature:					Date:	
Ratings: 3.5-4 – HE 3-3.49 – I	E – Profic	cient 2.5	-2.99 – E	- Develop	oing 2.0-2.49 – NI 1.0-1.99 – IE	
FINAL SCORE:		FIN	AL RAT	ING:		
Performance Factors: 20% S	core/Ra	ting (Stud	lents must	have 162	days school attendance for their scores to	count
Student Performance	Score	%	Final Score	Scale	·	
Individual Growth Measure		15%		65% or 1	higher growth = 4.0	
High School Media				50-64%	growth = 3.0	
Specialist:					growth = 2.0	
% school wide students				34% or 3	less = 1.0	
passing NWEA Reading				Negative	e Impact: 34% and below growth	
School Report Card		5%				
Teacher Evaluation Model: 8	80% Sca	re/Ratin	g (Same	scale as o	overall rating)	
Domain		Score	Percent	Final	Comments	
				Score		
Instructional Support Str	ategies					
2. Planning & Preparing						
3. Reflecting on Teaching	-					

4. Collegiality & Professionalism

Appendix J

Tri-Creek School Corporation

Plan of Assistance for Needs Improvement OR Ineffective Performance Levels

Teacher		
Type of Assistance Plan (Please highlight)	Improvement Necessary	Ineffective
If a teacher's summary performance level is <i>Im</i>	provement Necessary or Ineff	fective, the evaluator will meet with the
teacher to determine a plan of assistance.		
A plan of assistance shall be established between	en the evaluator and the teacher	r to include the following:

Plan Compone	nts	Action
Review the specific perform	nance expectation(s)	
not being met that applies t	o the performance	
expectation(s) not being me	et. The elements,	
problem, incident(s), or situ	nation requiring	
improvement should be spe	cifically identified.	
2. Adjust the teacher and stud	ent	
observation/evidence timel	ine as needed to	
improve the level of perform	mance.	
3. Working with your adminis	strator and using data	
from the Informal and Form	nal Observations and	
Teacher Evaluation Elemer	its, identify a	
professional growth goal. 1	Be sure to specifically	
align your goal with the Te	acher Evaluation	
Instrument. Goals may be	added as identified and	
required by the building ad	ministrator due to the	
rating.		
4. Develop a plan of action to		Action Step 1:
area with specific and meas		
who must do what, by when		Action Step 2:
Action steps must be identi		
5. Determine a system for mo		30 Day Benchmark:/ Evidence
plan of assistance with bene		Supportive Data:
progress every 30 days (for		
maximum). Include suppor	-	60 Day Benchmark:/ Evidence
to ensure progress at each b		Supportive Data:
include evidence on how yo		
your goal has been met. Be		90 Day Benchmark:/ Evidence
data and evidence are to be	provided for each	Supportive Data:
action step.		
6. Determine the use of the tea		
credits to be used for profes	-	
implement the plan of assis		
7. Determine the date of the n	nid-year conference	

If the evaluator and the teacher cannot jointly establish the Plan of Assistance, the administrator shall do so unilaterally. The evaluator shall monitor the teacher's progress in following the plan and hold a conference with the teacher. At this conference, the evaluator will:

If the status is *Improvement Necessary* – make a judgment as to whether the teacher has progressed to a performance level of *Effective* or *Highly Effective* or will be required to have a plan of assistance for either *Improvement Necessary* or *Ineffective*.

If the status is Ineffective – make a judgment as to whether the teacher will be recommended for renewal or non-renewal or be required to have a plan of assistance for either *Improvement Necessary* or *Ineffective*.

Whenever a teacher is required to have a Plan of Assistance, the building principal will inform the Superintendent.

Appendix K

Tri-Creek School Corporation

Teacher Evaluation Plan - Written Request for Private Conference for rating of Needs Improvement or Ineffective.

Indiana Code 20-28-11.5-6 (c.) states the following:

A teacher who receives a rating of ineffective may file a request for a private conference with the superintendent or the superintendent's designee not later than <u>five (5) days</u> after receiving notice that the teacher received a rating of ineffective. The teacher is entitled to a private conference with the superintendent or the superintendent's designee.

Teacher's name:	Date:	
Building:		
Date Ineffective rating was received in writing:		
I am requesting a private conference with the superint	tendent.	
Reason for Request:		
Evidence to support request:		
Teacher's Signature:		
Superintendent (or designee) Section: (check one opt	ion)	
Private conference granted		
Date of private conference:		
Private conference not granted		
Reason:		
Recommendation:		
Superintendent's (or designee's) Signature:		Date:

Appendix L

Rubrics for the Individual Assessment of Knowledge and Thinking (IAKTS)



The NTN Written Communication Rubric has three components: 1. Development (What is the evidence that the student can develop ideas?, 2. Organization (What is the evidence that the student can organize and structure ideas for effective communication?, and 3. Language and Conventions (What is the evidence that the student can use language skillfully to communicate ideas? The rubric has been modified for accountability purposes to use only the Development portion of the rubric.

NTN Written Communication Rubric, Grades 9 -10

The ability to effectively communicate knowledge and thinking through writing by organizing and structuring ideas and using discipline appropriate language and conventions.

	EMERGING	E/ D	DEVELOPING	D /P	PROFICIENT	P/ A	ADVANCED 12 Grade Proficient
DEVELOPMENT What is the evidence that the student can develop ideas?	Does not explain background or context of topic/issue Controlling idea* is unclear or not evident throughout the writing Ideas and evidence are underdeveloped		 Provides a cursory or partial explanation of background and context of topic/issue Controlling idea* is present but unevenly addressed throughout the writing Ideas and evidence are somewhat developed 		Addresses appropriate background and context of topic/issue Controlling idea* is presented clearly throughout the writing Ideas and evidence are developed		Explains appropriate background and context of topic/issue Controlling idea* is consistently maintained throughout the writing Ideas and evidence are developed

NTN Written Communication Rubric, Grades 11-12

The ability to effectively communicate knowledge and thinking through writing by organizing and structuring ideas and using discipline appropriate language and conventions.

	EMERGING	E/ D	DEVELOPING	D /P	PROFICIENT College Ready	P/ A	ADVANCED College Level
DEVELOPMENT What is the evidence that the student can develop ideas?	Does not explain background or context of topic/issue Controlling idea* is unclear or not evident throughout the writing Ideas and evidence are underdeveloped		 Provides a cursory or partial explanation of background and context of topic/issue Controlling idea* is evident but unevenly addressed throughout the writing Ideas and evidence are somewhat developed 		Explains appropriate background and context of topic/issue Controlling idea* is consistently maintained throughout the writing Ideas and evidence are developed		Thoroughly explains appropriate background and context of topic/issue Controlling idea* is clearly and consistently communicated throughout the writing Ideas and evidence are thoroughly developed and elaborated

The rubrics were created with support from Stanford Center for Assessment, Learning and Equity (SCALE and based on similar rubrics from Envision Schools. The Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 3.0 Unported license means that people can use our materials, must give appropriate credit, and indicate if any changes have been made. They may not use the material for any commercial purpose. And they must re-share any adaptations under the same kind of license

^{*}Controlling idea may refer to a thesis, argument, topic, or main idea, depending on the type of writing
**E.g. accurate use of scientific/technical terms, quantitative data, and visual representations in science; use of multiple representations in math.

Appendix M



Tri-Creek School Corporation Performance Evaluation Plan Athletic Director

Domain 1: Purposeful Planning

Athletic Directors work in collaboration with the school principal and district to develop a rigorous sports curriculum relevant for all student athletes.

1.1	1.1 Demonstrating knowledge of resources, both within and beyond the school and district.					
High	nly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
Show avai pare new rang	ws evidence of resources lable to students and ents and actively seeks out resources from a wide ge of sources to enrich the pol's program.	Shows evidence of resources available for students and parents in the school, in other schools in the district, and in the larger community to enrich the school's program	Shows evidence of resources available to students and parents in the school, to enrich the school's program.	Demonstrates little or no knowledge of resources available for students and teachers in the school, and in the larger community to enrich the		
	· -			school's program.		

1.2 Developing and implementing a plan to evaluate the athletic program.				
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)	
Evaluation plan is highly sophisticated, with imaginative sources of evidence and a clear path toward improving the program on an ongoing basis. The Athletic Director proactively responds to the evidence of the evaluation.	Evaluation plan is organized around clear goals and the collection of evidence to indicate the degree to which the goals have been met.	Evaluation plan exists for the athletic program but there is no collection of evidence to indicate goals have been met.	There is little to no plan to evaluate the athletic program and there is resistance to suggestions that such an evaluation is important.	

1.3 Establishing and maintainin	1.3 Establishing and maintaining athletic procedures					
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)			
Athletic program routines and procedures (for example: team expectations and policies, student and parent forms, etc.) are seamless in their operation.	Athletic program routines and procedures (for example: team expectations and policies, student and parent forms, tec.) have been established and	Athletic program routines and procedures (for example: team expectations and policies, student and parent forms, etc.) are inconsistently	Athletic program routines and procedures (for example: team expectations and policies, student and parent			
The Athletic Director establishes, develops, communicates, and enforces coaching procedures.	function smoothly. The Athletic Director communicates coaching procedures.	established resulting in inconsistent functionality. There is very little communication with coaches regarding procedures.	forms, etc.) are either non-existent or inefficient, resulting in general confusion. There is no communication with coaches regarding procedures.			

1.4	1.4 Organize event environment.					
Highl	y Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
The A	Athletic Director makes	Athletic Director makes effective	Athletic Director makes	Athletic Director makes		
highl	y effective use of event	use of the event environment,	adequate use of the event	poor use of the event		
envir	onment, resulting in a safe	resulting in a safe environment	environment resulting in a mix	environment, resulting in		
envir	onment with clear signage,	with clear signage, excellent	adequate safety, signage,	poor traffic flow,		
excel	lent traffic flow, and	traffic flow, and adequate space	traffic flow, and space useage.	confusing signage,		
adeq	uate space.			general confusion and an		
				unsafe physical space.		

1.5 Responsible for the oversight of the athletic facilities and the safety of student-athletes.					
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
The Athletic Director actively reviews the state of athletic	The Athletic Director routinely checks athletic facilities and	The Athletic Director intermittently checks athletic	The Athletic Director only checks athletic facilities		
facilities and condition of equipment.	equipment.	facilities and equipment.	and equipment when something is reported to		
There is a plan in place for	There is a plan in place for replacement and upgrade of	There is an incomplete plan for replacement and upgrade	be wrong.		
replacement and upgrade of facilities and equipment.	facilities and equipment.	of facilities and equipment.	There is no plan for replacement and		
There is constant monitoring of the safety of student athletes.	There is monitoring of student safety.	There is intermittent monitoring of student safety.	upgrade of facilities and equipment. It is reactionary.		
			Student safety is dealt with in a reactionary mode.		

Domain 2: Effective Instruction

Athletic Director works collaboratively with building administrators and classroom teachers, facilitates student-athlete academic progress so that all students have the opportunity to excel. The Athletic Director fosters a climate of urgency and expectation around achievement, excellence and respect.

2.1 Creating an environment conduce to learning					
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
Interactions among the athletic director, individual students, and the classroom teachers are highly respectful, reflecting genuine warmth and caring and sensitivity to students' learning needs, cultures and levels of development.	Interactions between the athletic director, students, and the classroom teachers, are polite and respectful reflecting general warmth and caring, and are appropriate to the learning needs, cultural and developmental differences among students.	Interactions between the athletic director, students, and the classroom teachers are generally positive and respectful and appropriate to the learning needs of students.	Interactions between the athletic director, students, and the classroom teachers are negative, inappropriate, or insensitive to students.		

	2.2 Engage students in academic importance				
fective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)			
ne Athletic Director is effective	The Athletic Director is	The Athletic Director is			
engaging students about the	inconsistently effective at	ineffective at engaging			
nportance of academic success.	engaging students about the	students about the			
	importance of academic	importance of academic			
I student athletes are actively	success.	success.			
ngaged in grade monitoring by					
e athletic program.	The Athletic Director meets	The Athletic Director			
		never communicates			
ne Athletic Director meets	grades.	with student grade			
• ,		monitors.			
•					
ades.					
ne ne ne	e Athletic Director is effective engaging students about the cortance of academic success. student athletes are actively gaged in grade monitoring by athletic program. e Athletic Director meets ularly with staff who are arged with monitoring student	Athletic Director is effective engaging students about the portance of academic success. Student athletes are actively gaged in grade monitoring by athletic program. The Athletic Director is inconsistently effective at engaging students about the importance of academic success. The Athletic Director meets with staff regarding student grades.			

2.3 Develop and Implement Academic Support Programs					
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
A highly effective student	Student academic support	Student academic support	No student academic		
academic support structure is in	structures are in place for	structures are in place for	support structures are in		
place for student athletes,	student athletes.	student athletes.	place for student		
based on academic data.			athletes.		
	All Coaches have a support	Some coaches have a support			
All coaches have a support	program in place for their	program in place for their			
program in place for their	students' academic success.	students' academic success.			
students and are monitoring					
student academic success.					
Coaches evaluations are aligned					
to academic support.					
to academic support.					
Student athlete leaders develop					
and implement academic					
support for their peers.					

2.4 Assisting students in the use of athletic training program.					
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
The Athletic Director	The Athletic Director plans	The Athletic Director plans	The Athletic Director		
proactively initiates educational	educational sessions to assist	educational sessions to assist	leaves the athletic		
sessions to assist students and	students and coaches in the use	students and coaches in the	training program to act		
coaches in the use of the	of the athletic training program	use of the athletic training	on its own with no		
athletic training program and	and staff.	program and staff.	leadership provided.		
staff.					
	The Athletic Director meets	The Athletic Director meets	The Athletic Director		
The Athletic Director meets	monthly with the athletic	monthly with the athletic	meets with the athletic		
weekly to discuss current issues	training staff to discuss current	training staff to discuss current	training staff upon their		
with athletic trainers.	issues.	issues.	initiation.		

2.5 Collaborating with coacl	2.5 Collaborating with coaching staff in the design of the athletic program.					
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)			
The Athletic Director initiates	The Athletic Director initiates	The Athletic Director	The Athletic Director			
collaboration with coaches in	collaboration with coaches in	collaborates with coaches in	declines to collaborate			
the design of the program.	the design of the program.	the design of the program	with coaches.			
		when initiated from others or				
The Athletic Director meets	The Athletic Director meets	when an issue arises.				
more than once a year with th	,					
coaching staff to discuss	to discuss program direction.	The Athletic Director meets				
program direction.		with the coaching staff to				
		discuss program direction with				
		requested.				

Domain 3: Strategic Leadership

Athletic Director develops and sustains the intense energy and leadership within their school community to ensure program success.

3.1	Establishing and successfully implementing goals for the athletic program appropriate to the setting and the students served.				
High	ly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)	
are I situa the a have	Is for the athletic program highly appropriate to the ation in the school and to age of the students and be been developed following sultations with students and be agues.	Goals for the athletic program are clear and appropriate to the situation in the school and to the age of the students. The goals for the program is communicated with appropriate	Goals for the athletic program have been developed. Some may be appropriate to situation or the age of the students. The goals for the program are	There are no clear goals for the athletic program or they are inappropriate to either the situation in the school or the age of the students.	
com appi regu	goal for the program is municated with ropriate stakeholders with llar assessments to ermine if goal is being met.	stakeholders	available when requested.		

3.2	3.2 Develops, implements, and promotes a mission and vision that clearly defines the athletic program.				
High	ly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)	
Artic	culates and instills long-	Provides staff information	Very little discussion of long-	No communication of	
term	n vision while maintaining	regarding long-term vision while	term vision but maintains day-	long-term vision, and	
day-	to-day operations of the	maintaining day-to-day	to-day operations of the	day-to-day operations of	
Athl	etic Department.	operations of the Athletic	Athletic Department	the Athletic Department	
		Department.		are not running	
				smoothly.	

3.2	.2 Contribute to school culture.				
High	ly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)	
The	Athletic Director seeks out	The Athletic Director seeks out	The Athletic Director	The Athletic Director	
lead	ership roles within the	leadership roles within the	contributes ideas and	does not contribute ideas	
scho	ol and district, aimed at	school, and contributes ideas	expertise aimed at improving	aimed at improving	
impr	roving school efforts.	and expertise aimed at	school efforts when asked.	school efforts.	
		improving school efforts.			
	Athletic Director goes		The Athletic Director dedicates	Little or no time outside	
abov	ve and beyond in dedicating		time, when needed or asked,	of school is dedicated to	

time for students and peers	The Athletic Director dedicates	to helping students and peers	helping students and
outside of school.	time for students and peers	outside of school.	peers.
	outside of school.		

3.3 Establishing, evaluating, and	3.3 Establishing, evaluating, and maintaining athletic procedures in regards to staffing, student or parent volunteers.			
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)	
The Athletic Director works	The Athletic Director works with	The Athletic Director works	The Athletic Director fails	
with building and district	building and district leadership	with building and district	to work with building and	
leadership to ensure that	to ensure that district	leadership to ensure that	district leadership to	
district procedures are always	procedures are followed when	district procedures are	ensure that district	
followed when hiring quality	hiring quality staff and obtaining	followed when hiring quality	procedures are always	
staff and obtaining volunteers.	volunteers.	staff and obtaining volunteers.	followed when hiring	
			quality staff and	
References are always called.	References are called.	Procedures are inconsistent:	obtaining volunteers.	
Background checks are always	Background checks are	References are sometimes	References are not	
conducted.	conducted.	called.	called.	
Paperwork is always submitted	Paperwork is submitted to	Background checks are	Background checks are	
to personnel prior to	personnel prior to employment	conducted when reminded.	not conducted.	
employment or volunteer	or volunteer service is initiated.			
service is initiated.		Paperwork is sometimes	Paperwork is not	
		provided to personnel prior to	submitted to personnel	
		employment or volunteer	prior to employment or	
		service is initiated.	volunteer service is	
			initiated.	

3.4 Communication and Accour	3.4 Communication and Accountability				
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
Communicates proactively with	Communicates with the	Very little discussion with the	No communication with		
the administration and board	administration and board	administration and board	the administration and		
informing them on issues,	informing them on issues, needs	informing them on issues,	board informing them on		
needs and operations of the	and operations of the Athletic	needs and operations of the	issues, needs and		
Athletic Department.	Department.	Athletic Department.	operations of the Athletic		
			Department.		
Establish, develop, and enforce	Communicates procedures,	Very little communication			
procedures, eligibility, and code	eligibility, and code of conduct	regarding procedures,	No communication		
of conduct for student	for student athletes/parents.	eligibility, and code of conduct	regarding, eligibility, and		
athletes/parents.		for student athletes/parents.	code of conduct for		
			student athletes/parents.		

3.5	Advocate for the students, program, school, and district			
High	ly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)
The A	Athletic Director displays	The Athletic Director displays	The Athletic Director displays	The Athletic Director
comi	mitment to the students,	commitment to the students,	commitment to the students,	often fails to display
distr	ict and school, as well as to	district and school, as well as to	school, as well as to the	commitment to the
the a	thletic program.	the athletic program.	athletic program.	students, district and
				school, as well as to the
The A	Athletic Director always	The Athletic Director speaks	The Athletic Director speaks	athletic program.
spea	ks positively about the	positively about the district and	positively about the school.	
distr	ict and school.	school.		The Athletic Director
			The Athletic Director	speaks negatively in
The A	Athletic Director routinely	The Athletic Director routinely	sometimes accepts	public about individual
acce	pts opportunities to speak	accepts opportunities to speak	opportunities to speak in the	students, coaches,

in the community, region, state	in the community and region	community about the	teachers, administrators,
or national level about the	about the program and praises	program, and sometimes	or the district and school.
program and praises the	the students, district and school	praises the students or school.	
students, district and school at	at every opportunity.		The AD never accepts
every opportunity.			opportunities to speak in
			the community.

3.6 Promotes student-athlete	3.6 Promotes student-athlete engagement in Leadership				
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
Creates and implements	Offers student-athlete	Very little leadership	Student-athletes are not		
student-athlete leadership	leadership training opportunities	development offered for	offered any type of		
development and training.		student athletes.	leadership training.		
	Student-athletes develop and				
Student-athletes develop and	implement service projects	Student athletes seldom	Student athletes do not		
implement service within the	within the school.	develop and implement	develop or implement		
athletic program, school, and		service projects.	service projects.		
community.					

3.7 Professional Development	3.7 Professional Development of Coaches				
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
The Athletic Director establishes, develops, communicates, and sets expectations for the development and training of coaches.	The Athletic Director establishes, develops, communicates, and sets expectations for the development and training of coaches.	The Athletic Director provides limited development and training of coaches, beyond that required by the state.	The Athletic Director provides no development and training of coaches, beyond that required by the state.		
Data is kept on professional development of coaches to ensure safety standards, skill development, and coaching strategies are continually enhanced.					

3.8 Evaluation of Coaches and S	3.8 Evaluation of Coaches and Staff				
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
The Athletic Director evaluates coaches and staff with honesty and integrity.	The Athletic Director evaluates coaches and staff with honesty and integrity.	The Athletic Director evaluates coaches and staff.	The Athletic Director fails to evaluate coaches and staff.		
The Athletic Director observes all coaches and staff and provides on-going feedback and coaching to them. The Athletic Director meets with the coaches for an annual evaluation review, creates an improvement plan when needed and recommends change when needed.	The Athletic Director observes coaches and staff and provides feedback and coaching to them. The Athletic Director meets with the coaches for an annual evaluation review, creates an improvement plan when needed and recommends change when needed.	The Athletic Director observes some coaches and staff. The Athletic Director meets with the coaches for an annual evaluation review, and provides limited improvement suggestions and recommends change when needed.	The Athletic Director rarely meets with the coaches for an annual evaluation review. No improvement suggestions are made and no recommends for change are provided.		

The Athletic Director aligns	The Athletic Director provides	
professional development to	professional development as	
the evaluation.	needed based on the evaluation.	

Domain 4: Collegiality and Professionalism

Athletic Director develops and sustains a professional network to ensure personal professional growth and program advancement.

4.1	Demonstrating knowledge of literature and current trends in best practice regarding interscholastic athletics. Director must					
	also seek ways to grow professionally at both the local and state level.					
High	ly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
Drav	ving on extensive	Demonstrates thorough	Willing to look at new ideas	Athletic Director		
prof	essional resources,	knowledge of literature and of	and trends for the Athletic	demonstrates little or no		
dem	onstrates rich	current trends in athletic	Department when mentioned	knowledge of literature		
unde	erstanding of literature and	leadership.	by an outside party.	and of current trends in		
of cu	urrent trends in athletic			practice and information		
lead	ership.	Seeks out new trends and ideas	Is knowledgeable about	technology.		
		for the Athletic Department.	school-wide issues.			
Seeks out and implements new				Does not engage in new		
tren	ds and ideas for the Athletic	Maintains a professional		ideas.		
Dep	artment.	network to stay current with				
		trends. This includes reading		Is not knowledgeable		
Maiı	ntains a network of	current journals, blogs, and		about school-wide issues.		
prof	essional contacts and	using social media.				
	urces to stay current with					
	ds (this includes reading	Will give input on school-wide				
	ent journals, blogs, and	issues.				
	g social media) and shares					
with	staff and students.					
	6 : 1. 1					
	afraid to change things up					
to run the operation more						
smo	othly and efficiently.					
Invo	lved in school-wide					
_	elopment.					

4.2 Collaboration with Peers	.2 Collaboration with Peers				
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)		
The Athletic Director goes	The Athletic Director seeks out	The Athletic Director	The Athletic Director		
above and beyond in seeking	and participates in regular	participates, when asked, to	rarely or never		
out opportunities to collaborate	opportunities to work with and	work with others at the school	participates in		
at the school, district, region,	learn from others at the school	level.	opportunities to work		
state and national levels.	and district levels.		with others.		
		The Athletic Director			
The Athletic Director coaches	The Athletic Director asks for	sometimes asks for assistance,	The Athletic Director		
peers through difficult	assistance when needed, and	and provides assistance when	works in isolation and is		
situations and takes on	provides assistance to others in	requested.	not a team player.		
leadership roles within school	need.				
and district collaborative groups					

such as Professional Learning	The Athletic Director	The Athletic Director	
Communities or School	participates as a member in	participates as a member of	
Improvement Teams, District	school collaborative groups such	the Athletic Collaborative	
Strategic Core Team, or District	as Professional Learning	groups, but not within the	
Goal Teams.	Communities or School	larger school.	
	Improvement Teams.		

4.3 Participation in Local, R	3 Participation in Local, Regional, State and National Programs					
Highly Effective (4)	Effective (3)	Needs Improvement (2)	Ineffective (1)			
The Athletic Director improve	s The Athletic Director improves	The Athletic Director	The Athletic Director dos			
the professional status and	the professional status and	participates minimally in state	not have involvement in			
effectiveness of the position	effectiveness of the position	programs, but more	any outside programs.			
through active participation i	through active participation in	involvement in local and				
local, regional, state, and	local, regional and state	regional programs.				
national programs.	programs.					